

It was doubtless the view taken of the subject by the McGarranhs and the wealthy corporation of the New Idria Mining Co. They looked upon these men as gentlemen of great influence with the departments, possibly of assistance, and with the most pressing wants—they needed attorneys, not so much for their legal knowledge as for their supposed influence at the proper department, and were able to pay for their services, and pay well too. These influential gentlemen, it was known, had been staying around Washington without any positive success in the real object of their mission until they had become lean and weak, and were in position to resist the temptation that pursued largely of pay and good living; they consented, it may be reluctantly, to bargain and sell the only valuable commodity they had left, but the very article wanted by the McGarranhs, New Idria California land speculators. The investment, it appears was made, but the particulars have not yet fully transpired. It may well be supposed that the big-bird would be the buyer, and the conditions of purchase and actual payment in full would depend on the final success of the purchasing party. If so the result may yet be bad to the P's and the H. V. B's, and the O. F. C's, and other poor D's generally who have been invested.

Governor Cox has pretty well demonstrated in this complicated and delicate subject, that he is not to blame for the uncertain turn which things have taken; for he originally abused McGarran with ability and zeal, and exhibited a perfect willingness to take the question out of the hands of Congress, and have it speedily decided by his own department to the satisfaction of the New Idria company, and that of his hungry and over anxious friends. It was decided by the Secretary without hesitation that the promise he had made in writing to Mr. Bingham, chairman of the Judiciary committee, that "his department would not take up and pass upon the McGarranhs, New Idria claim, until Congress before whom the subject was then pending, had fully investigated the claim, and all would be well." Bingham had no right to make such a request, and that the Secretary had no right to make such a promise, and consequently was bound to disregard it. Things at that stage of the case looked well for the New Idria corporation, and the D. P's, and P. D's were jubilant.

At this critical period in the case the President interfered, and suggested that possibly the United States might have some claim to these lands, that the whole subject was before Congress where the rights of these claimants were being investigated—that he was unwilling to have his name go to a patent to either of the claimants until Congress had decided the case, or declined to act on it—that fraud had been charged and believed in by the President. This was the offending of the President, and the cause of Secretary Cox's retirement from the Cabinet, so far as appears from the record. The public will have no difficulty in rendering a just verdict between the President and his Secretary in this case, whatever may be the difficulties to reconciliation between opposing counsel whose fees depended upon the result of the case. That the latter have, from the turn which things have taken, lost a large amount of money that they never had, or rather had their expectations largely curtailed is highly probable; and although they may feel disposed to keep up a war on the President, and say bitter and spiteful things, the public can hardly feel as being aggrieved with him. He was elected President. The whole question is yet in the hands of Congress, by the act of the President where it will be investigated, and the right of the United States to this vast interest probably secured.

Gen. Cox is not gaining reputation by permitting himself to be treated as a martyr and hawked round by a set of disappointed advocates of the New Idria land claim, and who have not the manliness to assail the President openly, but content themselves in connection with their most fulsome eulogies of the late Secretary, with abusing Gen. Grant's wife's relatives.

Some people think this rather a small business to be endorsed by some of the discredited Cincinnati papers. But with them it is a daily life of small things, and they too may be seeking to beaverged for real or imaginary wrongs.

REPUBLICAN.

EDUCATIONAL.

The following short essay was read at a teacher's meeting by Miss Adams, of the Primary Department, St. Charles Schools. It is on a subject too much neglected for many years, but whose claims are now being recognized by all who believe that it is of great importance in any undertaking to start well:

"What a child should be taught the first year of school life."

Well, that depends partly upon its age. Some children are sent to school at such an extremely early age that many studies would be inadvisable. Again, some children are advanced in years when they first enter school, and are ignorant of almost everything they are taught to know. To them, time is precious, every moment ought to be improved. To the latter, I would place no limit only requiring that, whether much or little, the less as possible be well learned.

Among the first things I would teach a child in the much abused alphabet. Not of course in the old fashioned way we heard and read so much about. But in some form or other, I would give a lesson in it every day until it is so thoroughly mastered that no length of time should make it possible for it to be forgotten.

There are pleasant ways of teaching even the alphabet. Then comes spelling and reading. I would have each child taught to print. It keeps them busily employed, and is a great assistance to them in learning to read. The script hand should also be taught after a child has learned to read, not before, except in the case of those scholars whose time is said before, is precious and limited. Writing numbers, easy drawing lessons, and the rudiments of singing make sufficient studies for the child the first year of school. But there is a great deal outside of books that a child should be taught. The eye should be educated—ideas developed, memory strengthened. The child should be taught to respect reverence for the school and teachers, to be fair and bon-

est in their dealings with each other. In fact, time will not permit me to enumerate but a tithe of the things a child should be taught the first year of school life. Great is the responsibility of the teacher. Also for her who fails in the duty imposed in her.

Burglary in Cumberland—Three houses Broken into—Money Stolen.
Correspondence Cambridge News.

Dr. CUMBERLAND, N. O., Nov. 20, 1870.

On Saturday night last the drug-store and dwelling house of Drs. Conner and Trimmer of this place was entered by burglars. The burglars took the pockets of a fine American watch and his pocket book containing about \$1,300 in notes of hand and six or seven dollars in money. From the drug store they took one bottle of port wine, and carried off five others.

They then entered the house of John St. Clair, the mayor, where they searched a dressing bureau belonging to Mrs. St. Clair, where they found some three dollars in money.

Beginning to feel hungry they next visited the cellar kitchen of Dr. Draper, where they set the table, and helped themselves to a good square meal of the Doctors' plates, and when they were seen to have relished, as they left the Dr. nothing cooked for his Sunday breakfast.

The burglar's pocket book was subsequently found, containing the notes and half a sale, but the money had disappeared.

Every body here on the look out for these thieves, who are now prowling about through this country, regardless of the terrors of the law.

Railroad Matters.

It will be seen by reference to articles which we copy this week from the Belmont Herald, that the Belmont and Toledo Railroad is being made to secure the construction of the Belmont and Toledo Railroad, which is chartered to extend from Belmont to Toledo, Ohio, and which they intend to extend northward to Toledo. The prospects for the construction of this road look encouraging. With such a proposition as this, the prospects of this road look as flattering.

We are inclined to the opinion that it is, and only one, of these proposed routes will be built. Which it be, the result will be a great gain to the people along the routes. We also believe the Lake Shore R. R. will be a good one, and will be a great gain to the corporations which shall succeed in securing the right of way and sufficient means to prepare the road for the iron and steel rails, and the work of the friends. One of these railroads is greatly needed. Which one shall it be?

Clothesaws Chronicle.

CLOSING CRACKS IN STOVES.—It may be convenient to know a ready method of closing up cracks, which are not uncommon in stoves, and which are very dangerous. The following recipe is a reliable one:—Good wood ashes are to be sifted through a fine sieve, to which is added a quart of water, and the mixture is pulverized, together with a little salt. The mixture is to be moistened with water enough to make a paste, and the cracks of the stove filled with this. This cement does not peel off or break away, and assumes an extreme degree of hardness after being heated. The stove must be cooled when the application is made. The same substance may be used in setting the plates of a stove, or in fitting stove-pipes, serving to render all the joints perfectly tight.

Senator Sprague reports in Washington that Justice Chase is fast recovering his health, and has had no more of his agonizing.

An Albany undertaker has invented a coffin which "folds down" and exposes the body at full length making it appear as if the deceased were lying in state to the satisfaction of the relatives and the eyes of the public.

The young man who surrendered himself as the murderer of Benjamin Nathan, at Randolph, Massachusetts, proves that he is a liar, and a swindler. George Heffernan of Potsville, Pennsylvania.

Nilsson is receiving great attention in Boston. Longfellow, Dr. Holmes, Henry Ward Beecher, and other notables, have called upon her, and she is said to be doing very well even in private life than in public.

A near sighted youth in Grant Co. Indiana, proposed to the wrong girl the other day, and being laughed at by his associates, gave way to despair and attempted to commit suicide. He knew it was the wrong girl the moment she breathed "no" so audibly.

Thirty counties in Iowa voting by the late crisis of the slave and voting by the sale of wine and beer.

A Combination.

PETER GARDNER, an old citizen of Fairview, died on Friday last. He was demented and wandered away from home, submitting himself to so much exposure that it resulted in his death. His age was about four score years.

A Combination.

BICHOU, JUNIPER, AND ACETATE OF POTASH combined in a scientific manner forms the preparation known as WAYNES ELIXIR. Its merits have already made it a popular remedy for all Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

INFANTS—Much suffering to these tender little buds of the human family might be averted by using Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup. See advertisement in another column.

Wheeling Pt. Locals.

UNION TOWN P. M.—Mr. McLane has commenced operations on Section 4 and 5, and has quarried and placed a considerable amount of stone upon the road. We understand that the engineer has thought proper to defer the grading until Spring.

THE RAILROAD QUESTION is under discussion, and some of our citizens favor the building of the road—others think that the pike tax is as much as they can conveniently pay to forward public enterprise at present.


CROSS SHEEP.—It is supposed that the sheep have "got to lifting again," as a quack remedy in this locality have been killed in the morning. They are said to be dangerous only to the farmers and say that their fattest sheep are most apt to prove cross and consequently the fat sheep suffer most.

HAND BILLS have been posted announcing meetings to agitate the question of removal of the County seat. I believe the citizens of Wheeling township will oppose the movement as they are not in favor of increased expenditure.

SACRAMENT dispensed at Crabapple church, on Sabbath last. Sermon by Rev. Robert Tannehill.

The Pastor of Associate Reform Church (Rev. Moffitt), and the Pastor of Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Caldwell), propose to make the winter campaign a "quest for the lost of the Kingdom." The Associate Reform Church, they are allowed of dancing, and Rev. Caldwell announces that there will be no dancing in Crabapple congregation this season.

H.



TO PHYSICIANS.

NEW REMEDY

WAYNE'S

DIURETIC AND ALTERNATIVE

ELIXIR OF

BUCHU, JUNIPER,

AND

ACETATE POTASH,

New York, August 14th, 1868.

Allow me to call your attention to my PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU. The component parts are, BUCHU, LOGS LEE, CUBES, JUNIPER, ACETATE POTASH, and PARSLEY.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo, Juniper berries, by distillation, to form a fine oil, Cubes extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance, the action of a flame destroys this its active principle leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. It is the color of ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon infusion it will be found not to be a tincture made in Pharmacopoeia, nor is it a Syrup therefore can be used in cases where few inflammation exists. In this you have knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation.

With a feeling of profound confidence,

I am, very respectfully,

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Chemist and Druggist of 594 Broadway.

(From the largest Manufacturing Chemist's in the World.)

November 1, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. Helmbold, who he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting his business where others had not been equal to before. I have had a very happy time with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WRIGHT, M.D.,
Firm of Powers and Wrightman, Manufacturing Chemist, Ninth and Brown Streets, Philadelphia.

Helmbold's

Fluid Extract

BUCHU

For weakness arising from indigestion. The exhausted powers of Nature, which are accompanied by so very alarming symptoms, among which will be found, Indigestion, Exertion, Loss of Memory, Wakefulness, Nervousness, or Forebodings of Evil; in fact, Universal Lassitude, Prostration, and inability to enter into the enjoyment of society.

The Constitution

once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate. I am, very respectfully,

EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT OF

BUCHU

in affections peculiar to Females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Menstruation, Excesses, Ulcers, or Stricture, the State of the Uterus, and all complaints incidental to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract of Buchu

and

IMPROVED ROSE WASH

will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure, completely unperceptible, those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copoiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE

HELMBOLD'S

Fluid Extract Buchu,

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken down or delicate constitutions, procure it, remedy at once. The reader will be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

Let the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. Helmbold's Extract Buchu is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price \$1.25 per Bottle, or 6 Bottles for \$6.75.

Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Drug and Chemical Warehouse

594 BROADWAY, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel engraved wrapper with facsimile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

NEW REMEDY

WAYNE'S

DIURETIC AND ALTERNATIVE

ELIXIR OF

BUCHU, JUNIPER,

AND

ACETATE POTASH,

A new and valuable preparation for the relief and cure of Gravel, Irritation of the Bladder and other Dropsical, Rheumatic and Gouty Affections, Pains in the Back and Loins, &c., &c.

To those suffering from diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, and the consequent train of distressing ailments, this remedy is confidently recommended as a relief, and needs but a trial to prove its great value in the cure of the above mentioned diseases. As an Alternative, this Elixir will be found much more beneficial than the preparations of Sarsaparilla, so popular, (and we might say of quassia, medicinal value), and where a Blood Purifier is needed, there is no question but that the

Diuretic and Alternative Elixir

Will accomplish all that is desired. Those living in malarious districts, West and South, as a general thing need, on the approach of warm weather, such a remedy; one that will remove languor, and restore tone and vigor to the system. No preparation will more effectually accomplish this than the

DIURETIC AND ALTERNATIVE ELIXIR.

It is by far a more potent and efficient Alternative and Blood Purifier than Sarsaparilla, and free from all objections that may be made against the latter, and its usual adjuncts, Iodide of Potassium, or some preparations of Mercury.

MADE BY THE PROPRIETORS,

F. E. Suire & Co.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

Importers and Dealers in

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS,

OILS, &c., &c.

Manufacturers of

Chemical & Pharmaceutical Preparations,

AND

PERFUMERY,

N. W. Cor. 4th and Vine Streets,

(OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.)

Cincinnati, - Ohio.

Merrick's

Anti-Dust, Smoke Consuming

Grate.

FOR

Fire Places, Cooking and

Franklin Stoves.

MANUFACTURED BY

WOODCOCK & BRO.,

BRIDGEPORT, OF IO.

ADVANTAGES FOR FIRE PLACES.

1st. It is cast in one piece and holds the fuel independent of the Backwall.

2nd. It has draught through the rear as well as the front of the grate supplying air to all parts of the fuel, causing perfect combustion.

3d. It cannot clog up, burn out, or get out of order in any way.

4th. The opening between the rear bar and the back of the chimney, causes a strong and constant upward current of the heated air, carrying the dust up the chimney, and prevents the soot from falling down.

5th. The fire-bow more intense at the back of the grate, the fuel as it is consumed, falls in a wide, deep channel into the door.

6th. Every part of the fire-place is thus kept bright, and reflects the heat into the room.

7th. It improves the draught of chimneys.

8th. No dust or soot is needed in the backwall.

9th. It will burn hard and soft coal, nut coal and smoking coals.

10th. It does not have to be removed to put in the Strainer Piece, but lift up the front and shove back into the chimney.

11th. It can be put in any place or front now in use.

We also make Kirk's patent METALLIC HEARTH, which are superior to Marble, Stone or Brick Hearths.

For the above improvements and the superior Cooking, Heating and Franklin stoves made by us, we ask the patronage of dealers and consumers

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